of no benefit to Thodupuzha. He therefore requested that a large number of Boys' and Girls' Schools should be opened in different parts of the Thodupuzha taluk, and a Sanskrit Patasala also established at Thodupuzha or Muvattupuzha.

Mr. P. K. Kochunni Vaidyan (Member, Nominated) requested (1) that the Eazhava children should be admitted in those schools which were now closed to them, more especially the Girls' Schools, (2) that they should be allowed admission into the Sanskrit and Ayurveda Patasalas, and (3) that similar institutions should be established one in each division, or liberal grants sanctioned to such institutions as were started by the Eazhavas.

Dewan's reply.—The Director of Public Instruction will be asked to make a comprehensive and detailed enquiry into the question—so far as the schools not yet open to the Eazhavas are concerned.

116. The disabilities of the Pulayas in the matter of getting admission into Schools.

Mr. Aiyan Kali (Member, Nominated) expressed the gratitude of the community for the orders already issued by the Government for admitting the Pulaya children into the Sirkar schools; but he regretted that the authorities in some of the schools would not admit them in spite of the orders, for some frivolous reason or other. In places where admission was once given to the Pulaya boys, there was no trouble whatsoever for the future. The present condition of affairs in Neyyattinkara, Venganoor and Pullad would bear out his statement. He understood that some of the teachers of certain schools were at the bottom of the mischief, and not the people. He therefore requested that stringent instructions might be given to the Director of Public Instruction and the Inspectors of Schools to enforce the orders already issued.

Mr. C. Saradan Solomon (Member, Nominated) said that, although orders had been issued by the Government for admitting the Pulaya children in certain schools, yet great opposition was experienced when admission was sought for. Such opposition was, in the infant state of their education, a source of great discouragement to the Pulayas. He requested that stringent orders might be issued for admitting the Pulaya boys and girls in the Sirkar schools without any opposition from the beginning of the next school-year, and that their admission into the grant-in-aid schools in his taluk should also be enforced. He further requested that particular attention should be paid in the matter of giving primary education to the Pulaya girls.

Dewan's reply.—Noted.

117. Want of Industrial Schools for the poor in Nanjanad.

Mr. P. Arumanayagom (Member, Nominated) said that the poor of Thovala and Agastiswaram taluks were entirely dependent on agriculture, and that, when harvest was over, they suffered very much for want of work, even though they were prepared to work for lesser wages. The Member therefore suggested that an Industrial School might be established at Nagercoil and that the children of the poor and of the backward classes might also be given training in that school.

Dewan's reply.—Noted.

118. The need for more Tamil Schools in the taluks of Thovala and Agasteeswaram.

Mr. G. Jesudasan (Member, Nominated) said that the taluks of Thovala and Agastiswaram mostly consisted of Tamil-speaking people, numbering, according to the last Census, 33,963 and 99,956 respectively. There were only 299 and 2,176 Malayalam-speaking people in Thovala and Agastiswaram respectively; but it was noteworthy that there were 15 Malayalam schools, against 12 Tamil schools, in the two taluks. It was a matter for surprise that the Government should have established a Malayalam school in Aramboly, a frontier village which consisted entirely of Tamil-

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